



Computer Networks and
Communication Systems

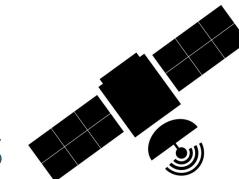


Friedrich-Alexander-Universität
Erlangen-Nürnberg

Würzburg Workshop on Next-Generation Communication Networks



Next-Generation Satellite Communication Networks



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on the basis of a decision
by the German Bundestag

Outline

- Satellite communication basics
 - Satellite orbits
 - Geostationary (GEO) satellites
 - Low Earth orbit (LEO) megaconstellations (e.g., Starlink)
- Performance measurements
 - Measurement setup
 - GEO
 - GEO vs. LEO
- Satellite / terrestrial multipath communication
- Summary and outlook

Satellite orbits



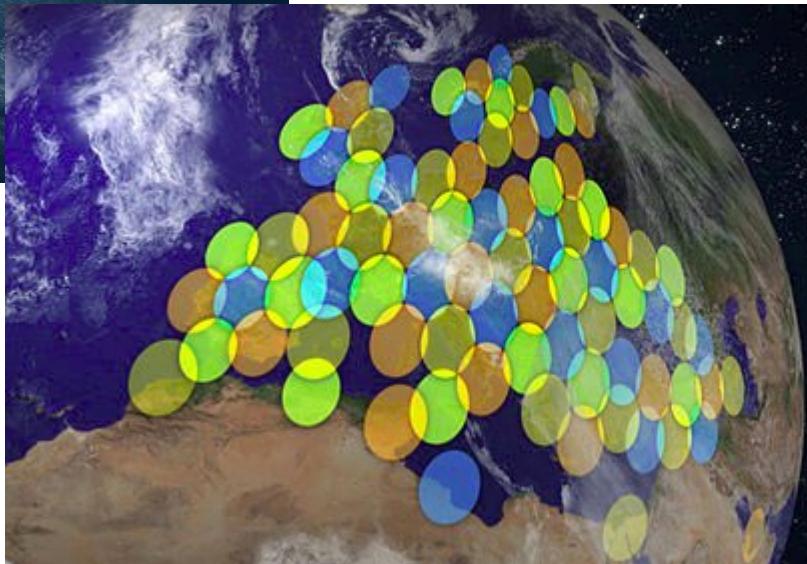
Geostationary satellite Internet access



<https://www.eutelsat.com/en/satellites/future-launches.html>

Forward link Mbit/s	Return link Mbit/s	RTTs ms	Costs per month
100	5	≈ 600	$\sim 70 \text{ €}$
50			$\sim 45 \text{ €}$
30			$\sim 30 \text{ €}$

<https://europe.konnect.com>

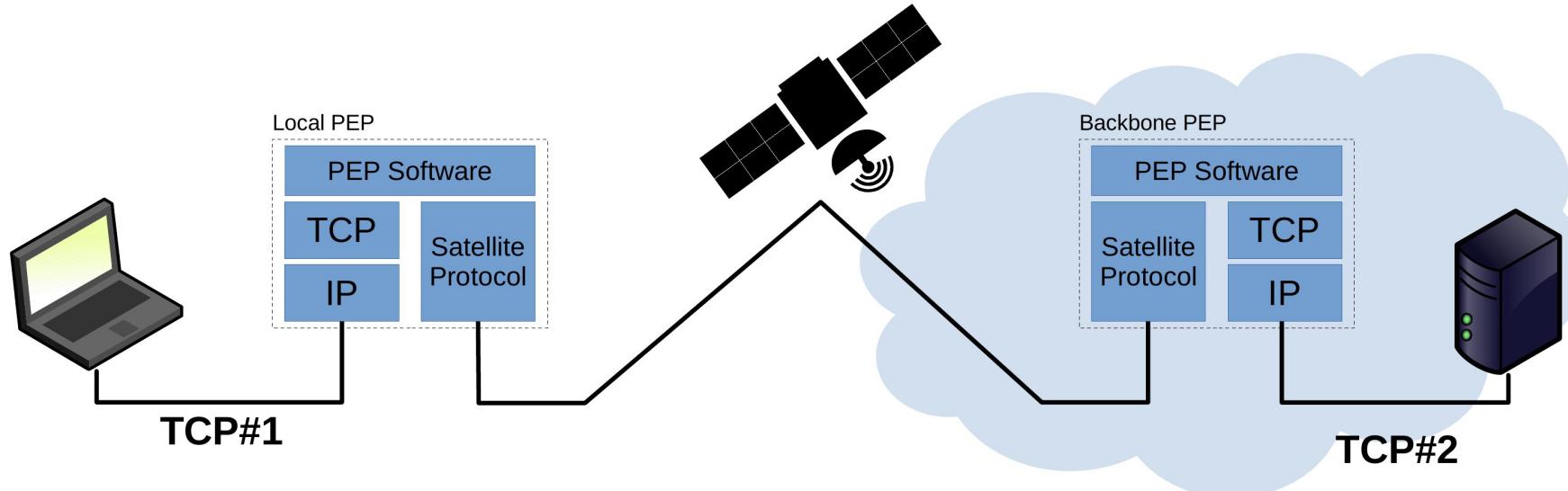


<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tooway>

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KA-SAT>

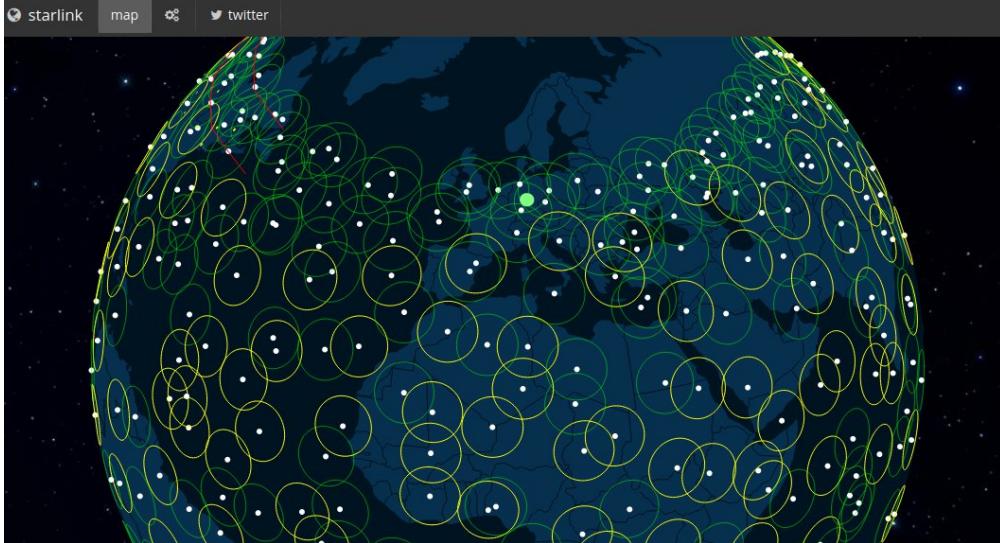
Geostationary satellite Internet access

- Default TCP parameters not very suitable for high latency links
 - Deployment of Performance Enhancing Proxies (PEPs) – RFC 3135

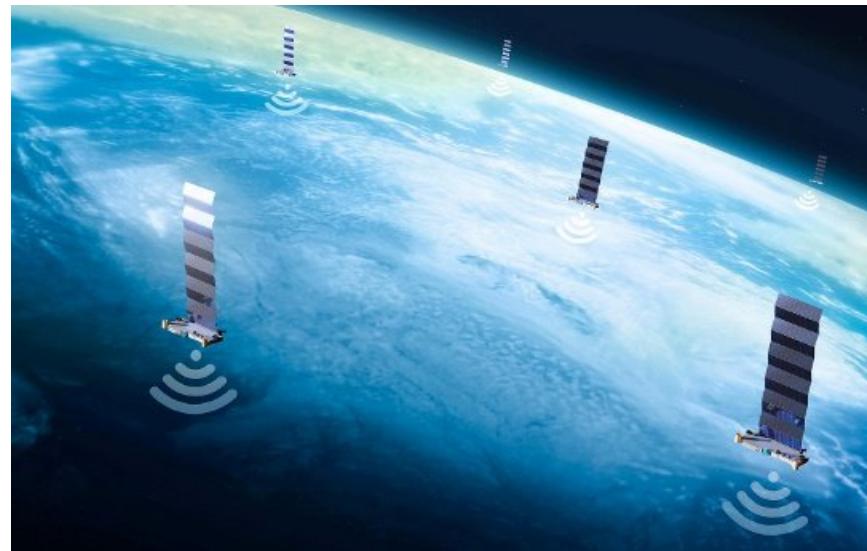


- Not possible if TCP headers are encrypted (e.g., VPNs or QUIC)

Low Earth orbit (LEO) satellite megaconstellations



<https://satellitemap.space>



Science Photo Library/Imago images

Capacity per satellite
e.g., Starlink

~10 Gbit/s

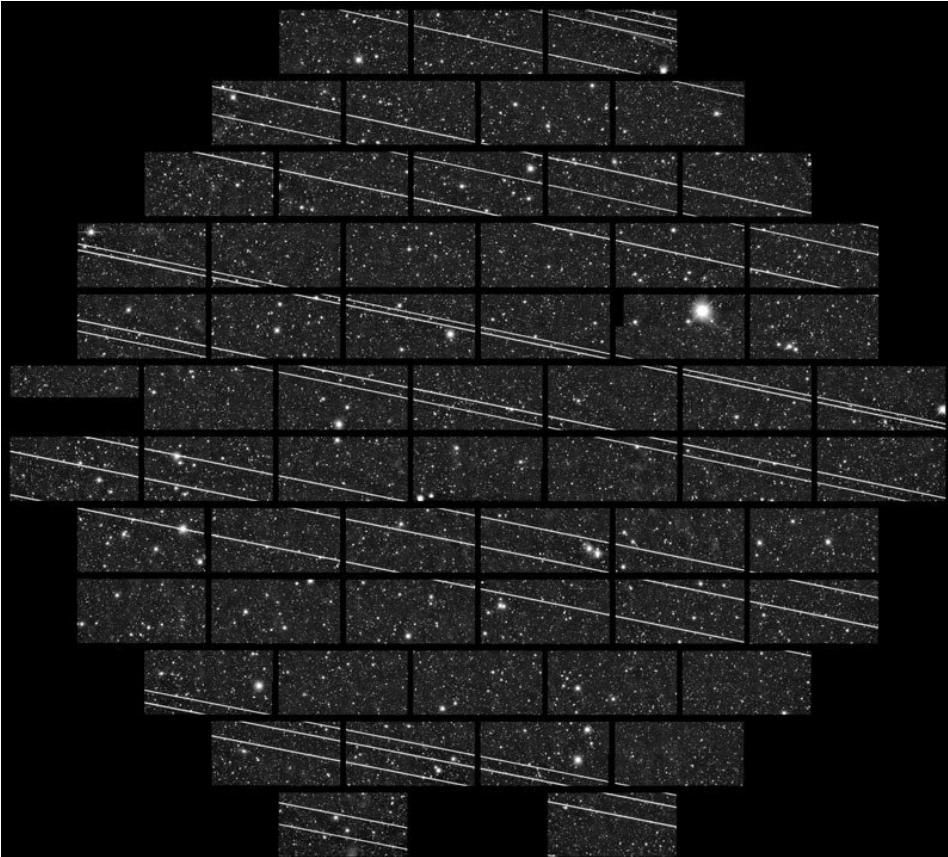


Erc X @ErcXspace via Twitter

Forward link Mbit/s	Return link Mbit/s	RTTs ms	Costs per month
0 - 400	0 - 75	~45	~100 €

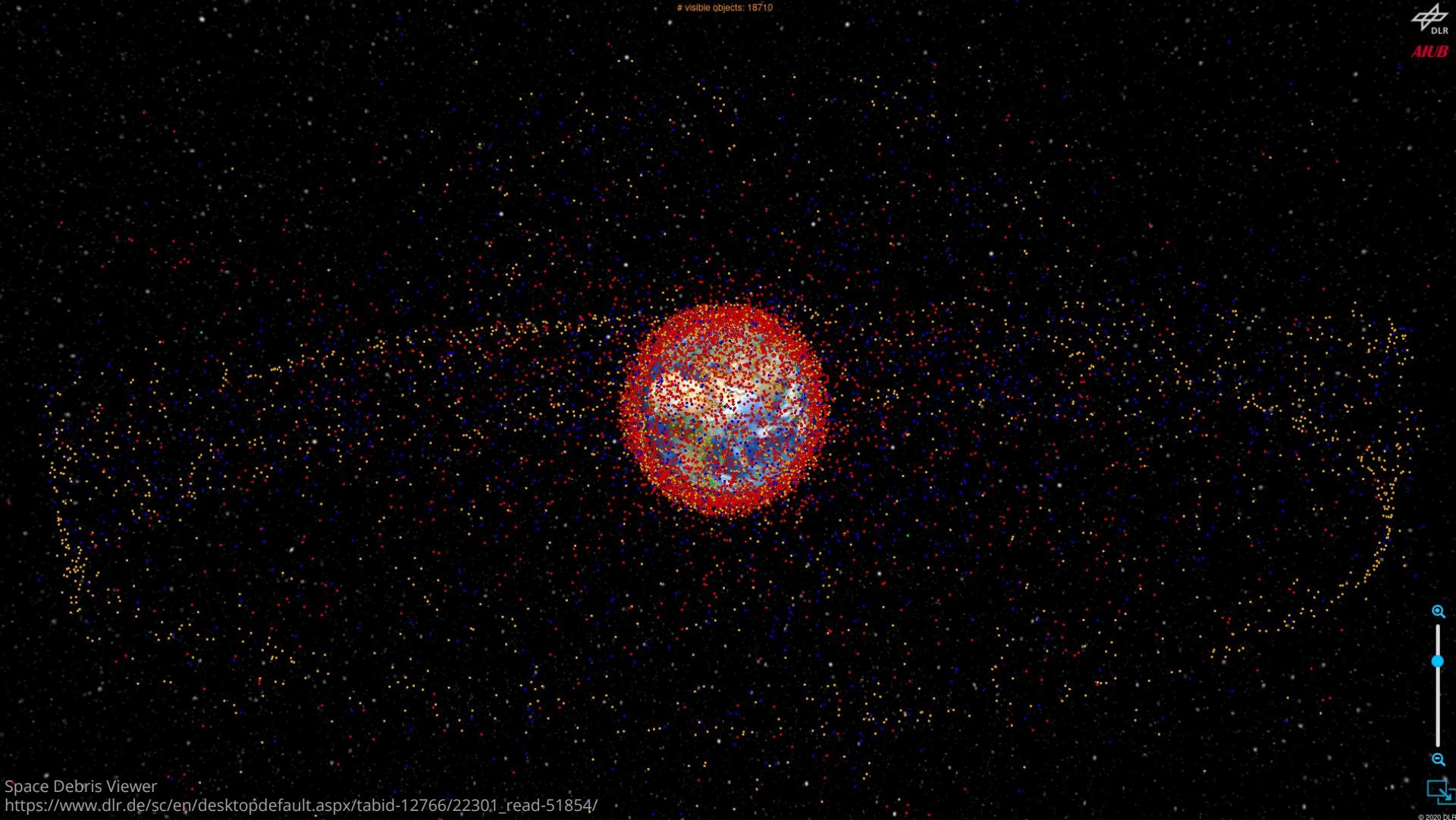
Low Earth orbit (LEO) satellite megaconstellations

- Problematic for observational astronomy
- Risk of space debris
 - Cf. Kessler syndrome
 - (Non-active) deorbiting depends on altitude:
 - 500 km: less than 25 years
 - 1200 km: ~2000 years



CTIO/NOIRLab/NSF/AURA/DECam DELVE Survey (CC BY 4.0)
<https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-020-02480-5>

visible objects: 18710



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Measurement setup

- Emulated and real satellite links
- Measurement setup used throughout following slides
 - Satellite dishes mounted at FAU campus – single vantage point

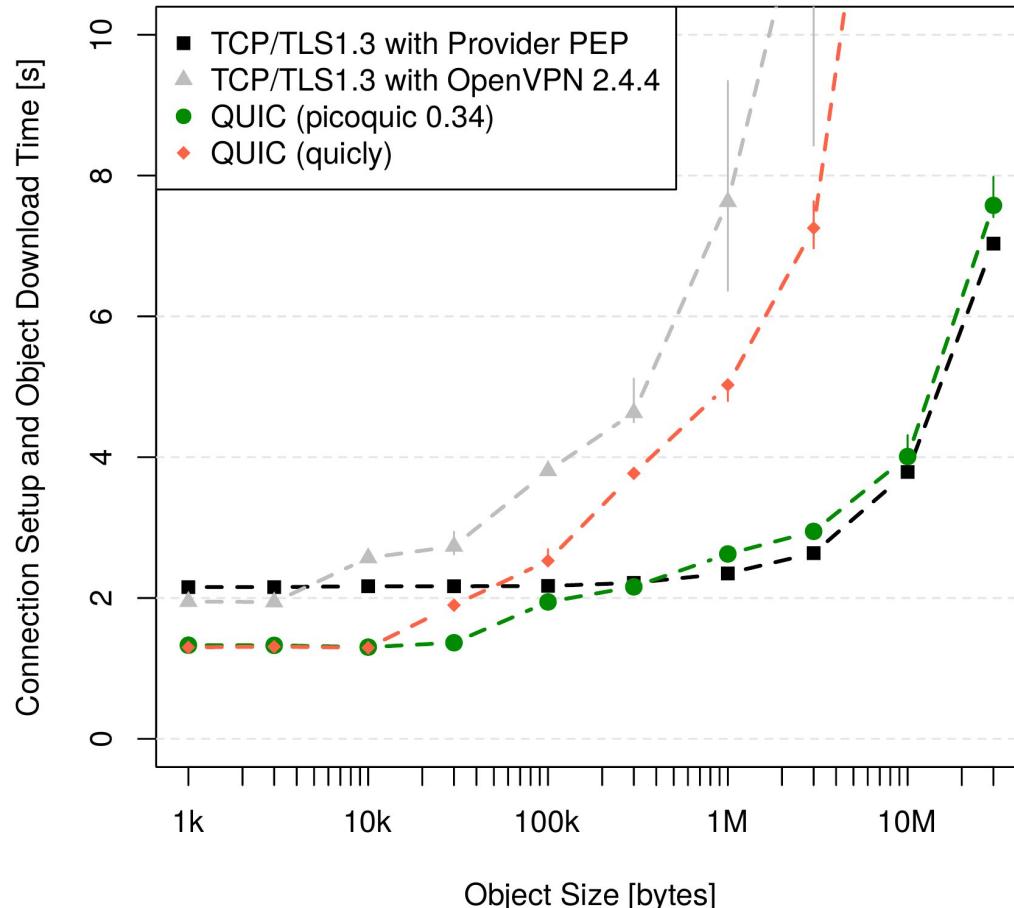


GEO performance measurements [2]

- Connection setup and object download time for varying object sizes

Setup	PEPs applicable?
TCP without VPN	✓
TCP with VPN	✗
QUIC	✗

- VPNs are problematic
- QUIC is both a problem and a chance

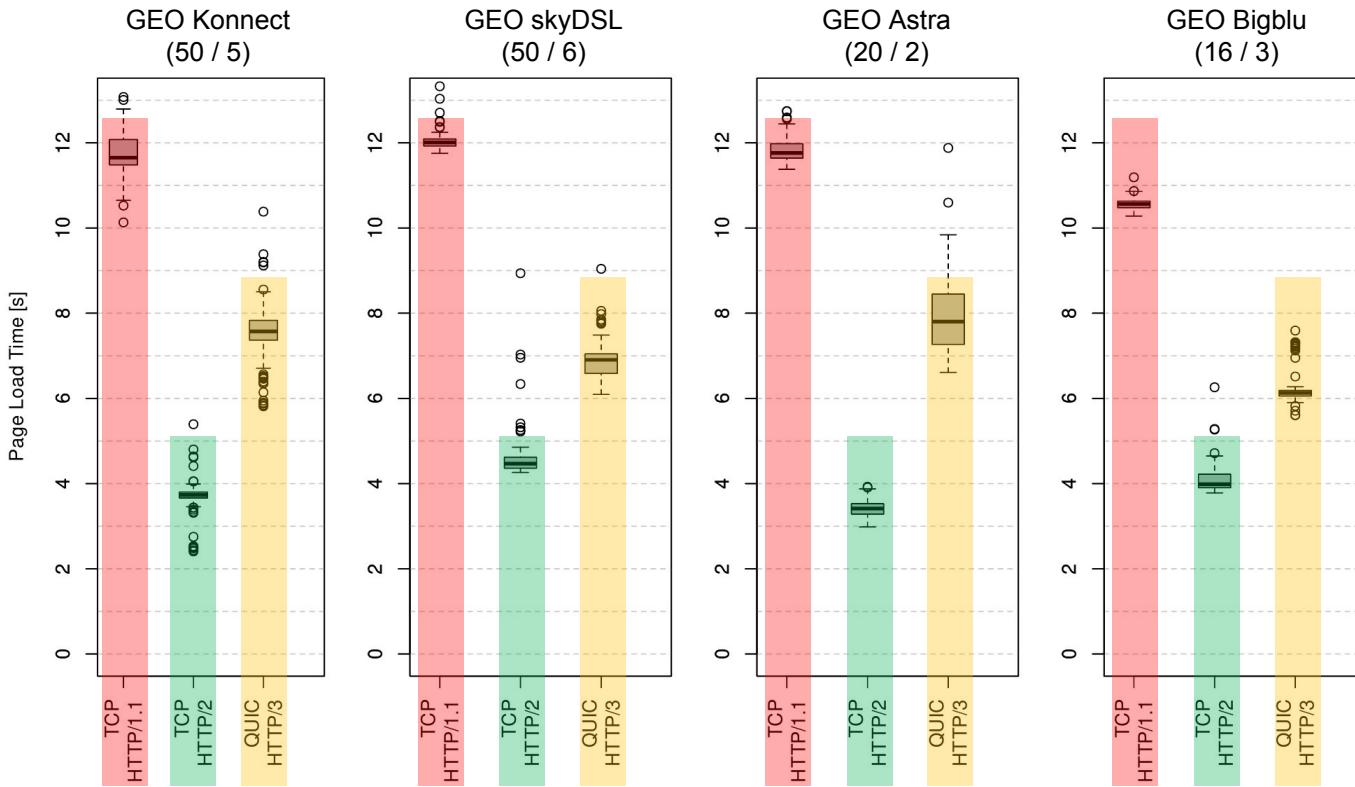


GEO performance measurements – HTTP versions [3]

- Comparison of different HTTP versions
- Four different geostationary satellite providers
- Simplified artificial website 
 - $70 \text{ objects} * 30 \text{ kbyte} = 2.1 \text{ Mbyte}$
(assumptions based on httparchive.org statistics)
- Client: Google Chrome 94, automated with Selenium WebDriver
- Server: OpenLiteSpeed 1.7.4 with QUIC (IETF v1) and HTTP/3 (draft)
- Optional: Wireguard to disable PEPs

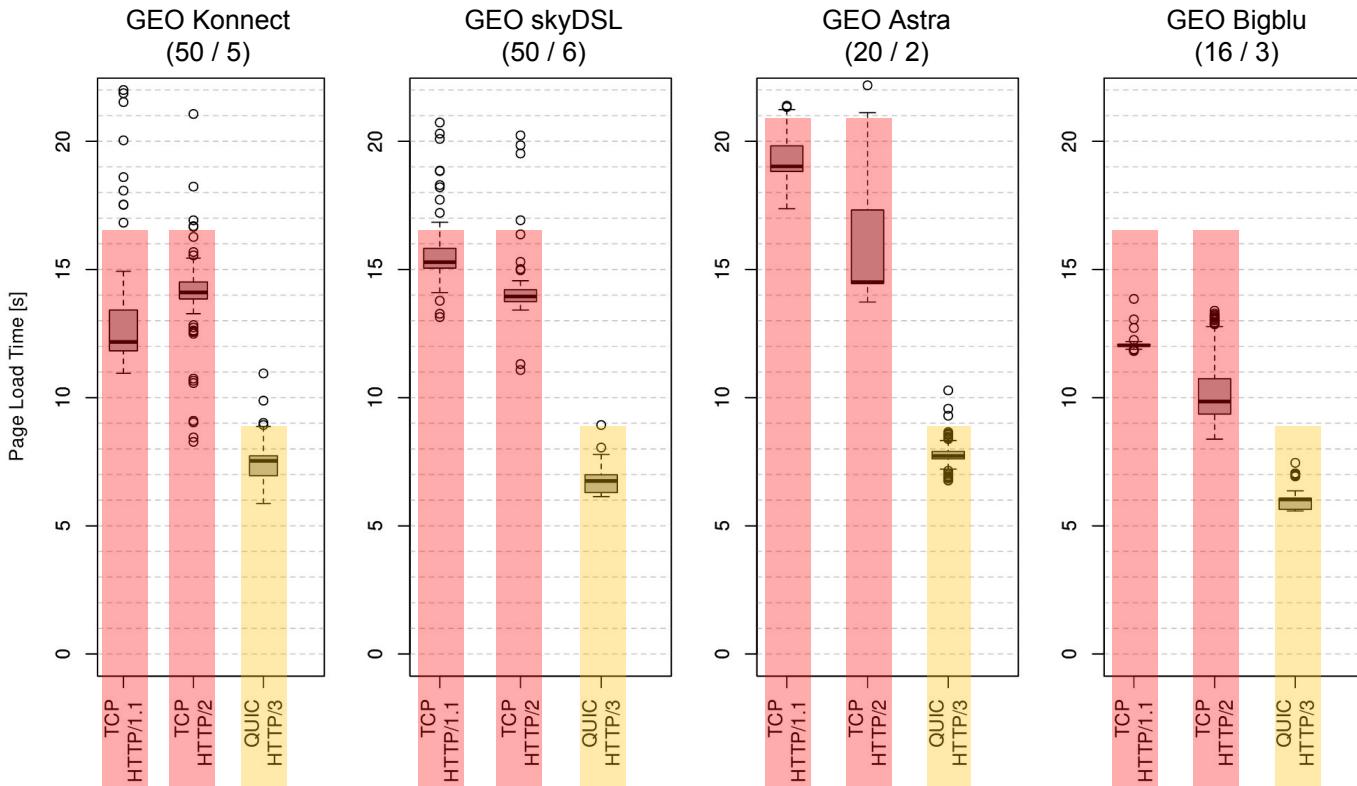
GEO performance measurements - HTTP versions [3]

- Without VPN
= PEPs enabled
 - TCP / HTTP/1.1
poor
 - TCP / HTTP/2
good
- PEPs not applicable
 - QUIC / HTTP/3
mediocre



GEO performance measurements - HTTP versions [3]

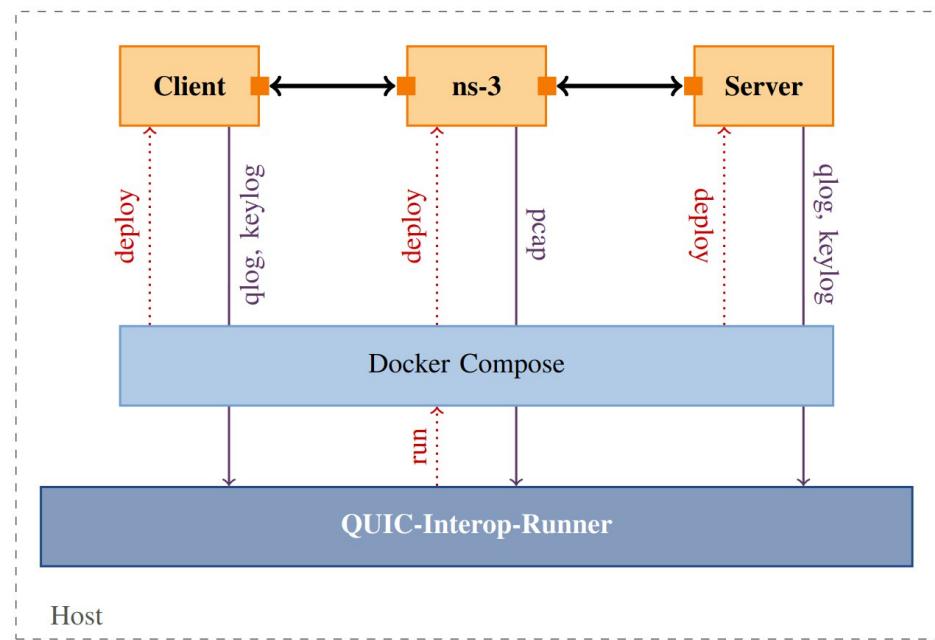
- With VPN
 - = PEPs disabled
 - TCP / HTTP/1.1 poor
 - TCP / HTTP/2 poor
- PEPs not applicable
 - QUIC / HTTP/3 mediocre



GEO performance measurements – QUIC [4]

- Testing of QUIC Implementations with GEO satellite links using the QUIC Interop Runner – <https://interop.cs7.tf.fau.de>
- Presented at IETF113 maprg
- 10 Mbyte file download
- Emulated satellite links

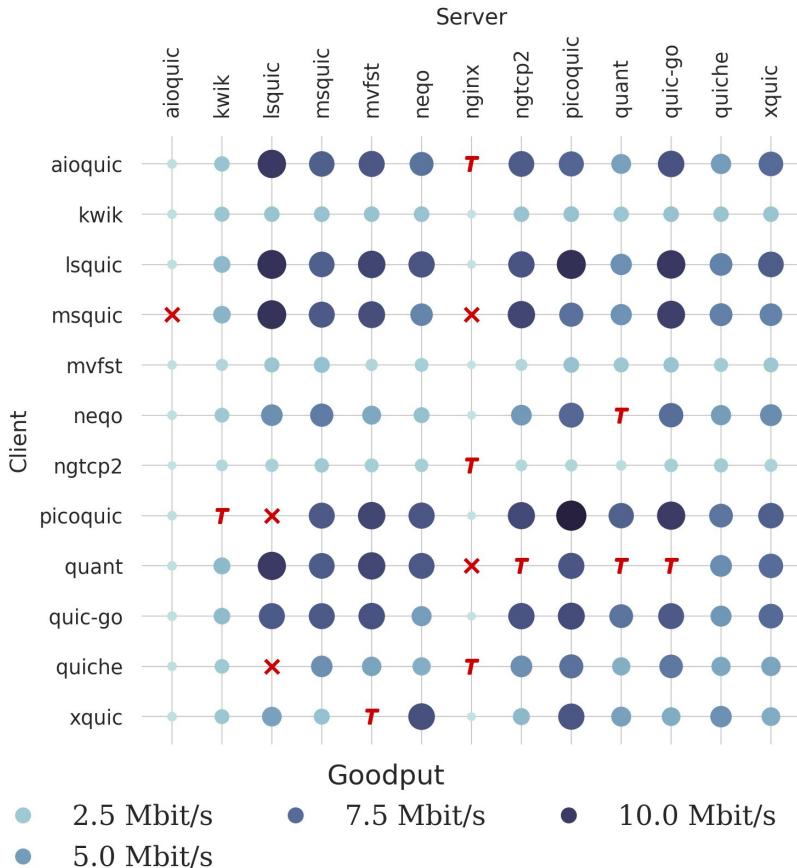
Name	RTT ms	Link Rate Mbit/s	PLR %
TERR.	30	20 / 2	0
SAT	600	20 / 2	0
SATLOSS	600	20 / 2	1



GEO performance measurements - QUIC [4]

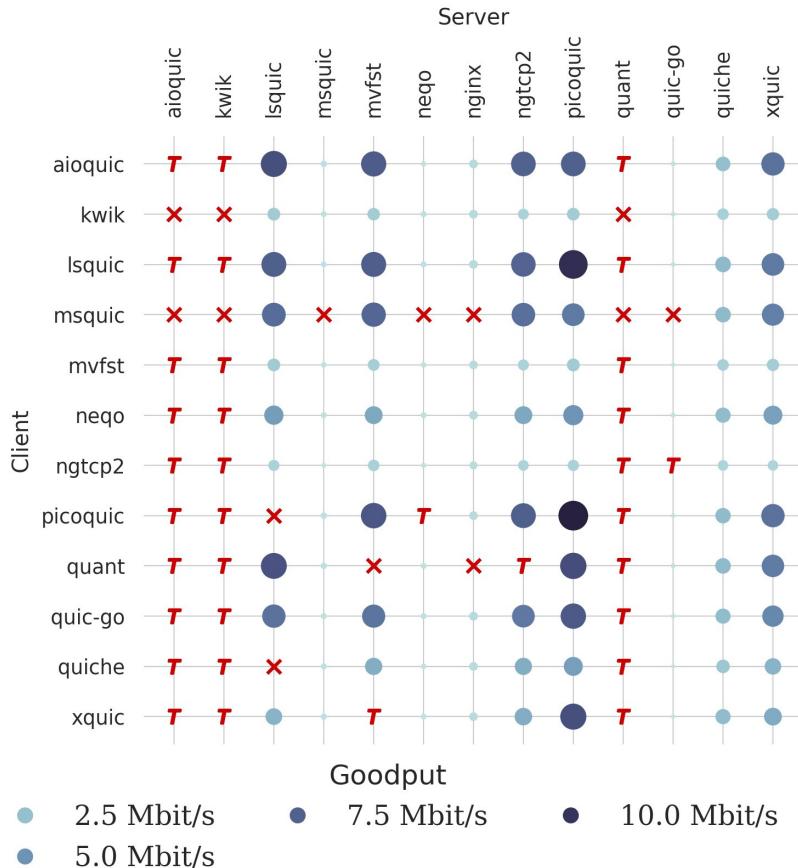
SAT

(20 / 2 Mbit/s, 600 ms RTT, no packet loss)



SATLOSS

(20 / 2 Mbit/s, 600 ms RTT, 1% packet loss)



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Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO/LTE/DSL [5]

- Measurement campaign
 - Many metrics and applications
 - Latency, bulk data, packet loss
 - Samba file sharing, web browsing, video streaming, VoIP
 - Many providers
 - 4x geostationary satellite
 - Starlink
 - DSL, LTE

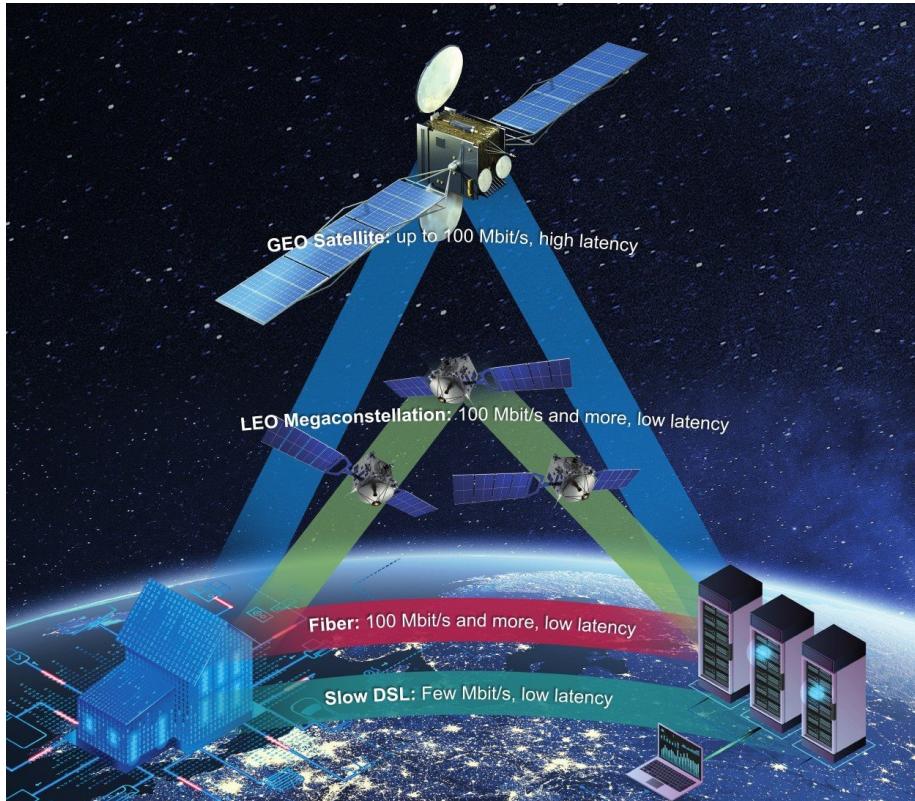
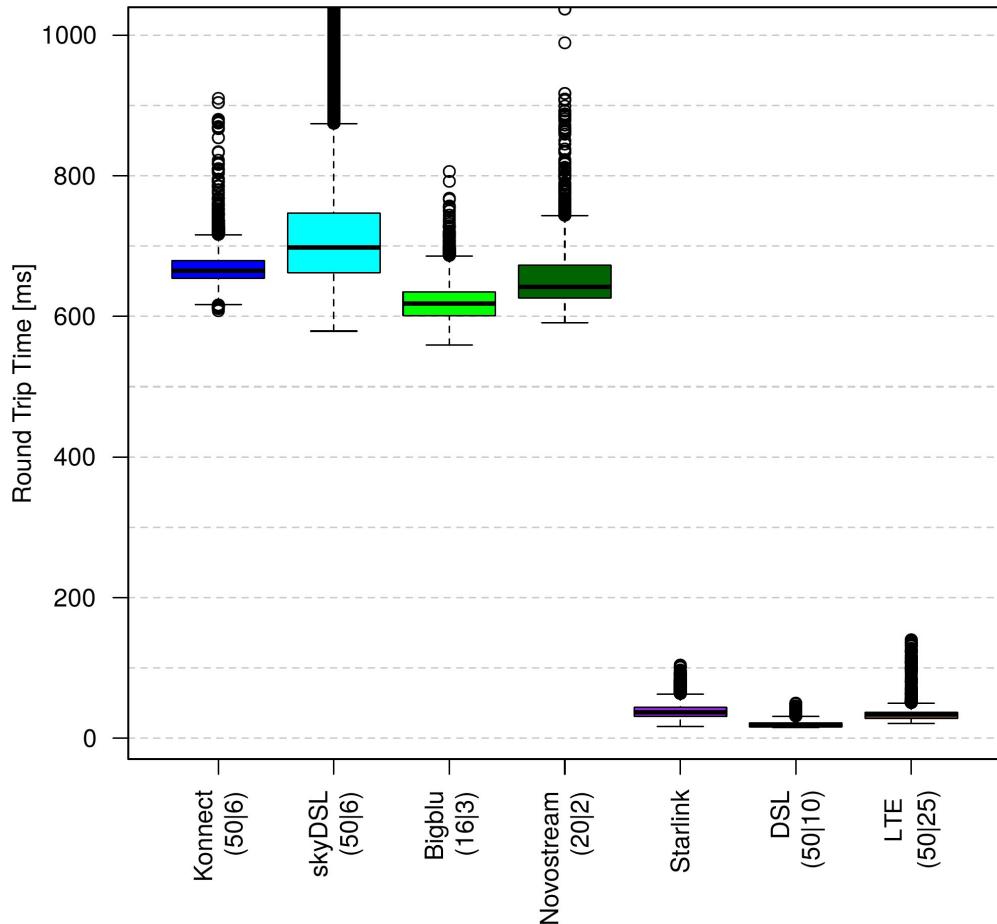


Image Copyright: Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt

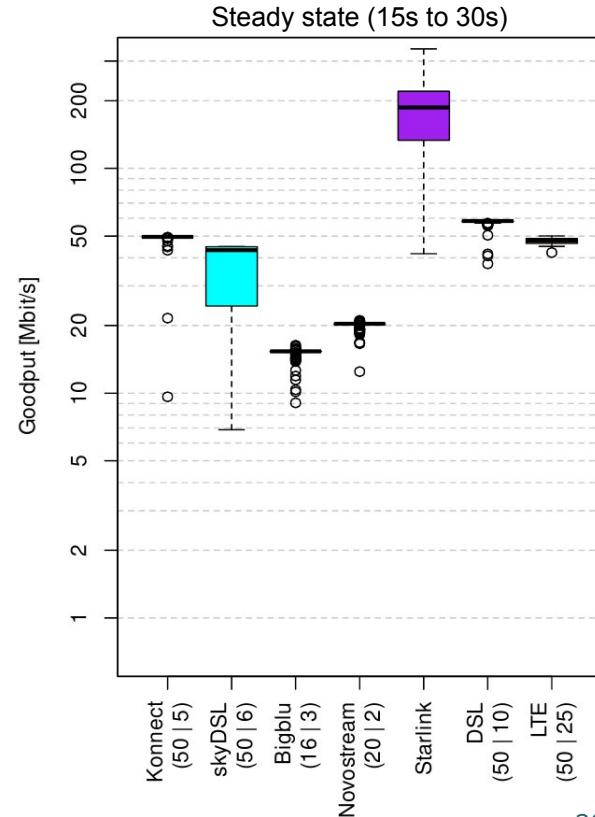
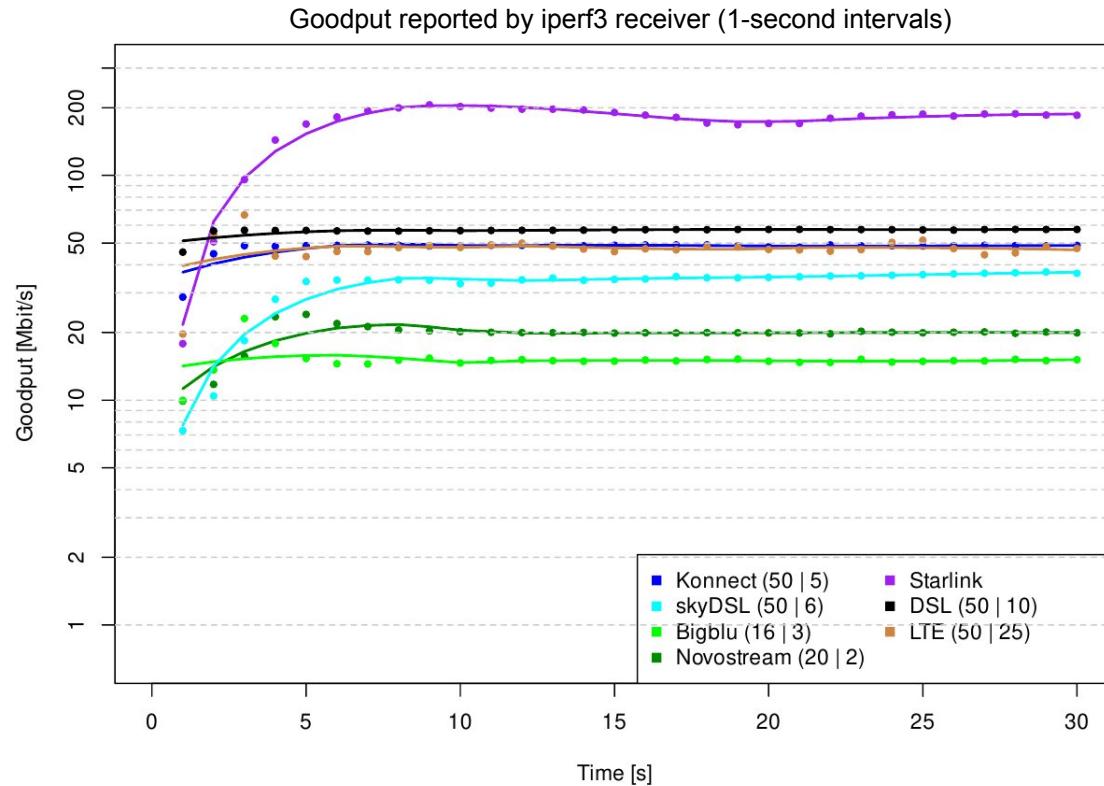
Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO/LTE/DSL [5]

- Round trip times (UDP packets with different sizes and inter-departure times)
- GEO: high latency and jitter
- Starlink comparable with terrestrial Internet access links



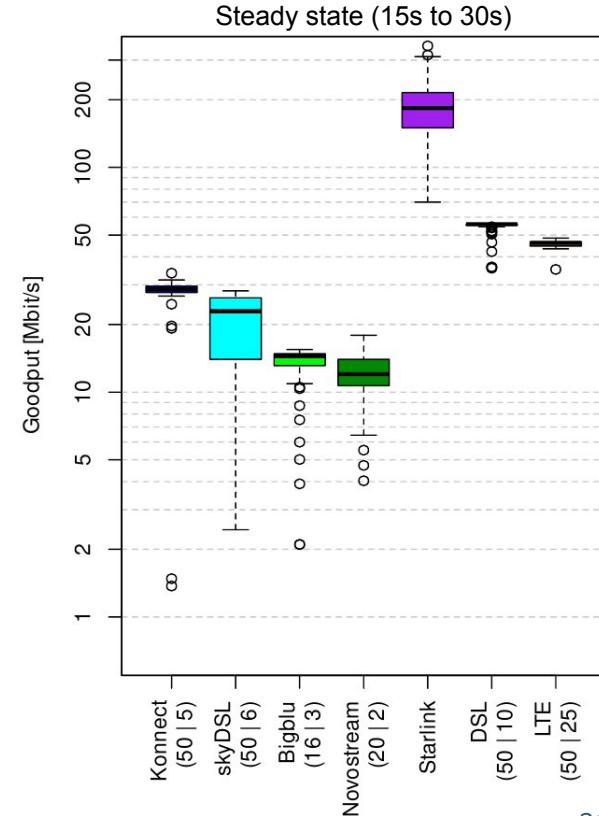
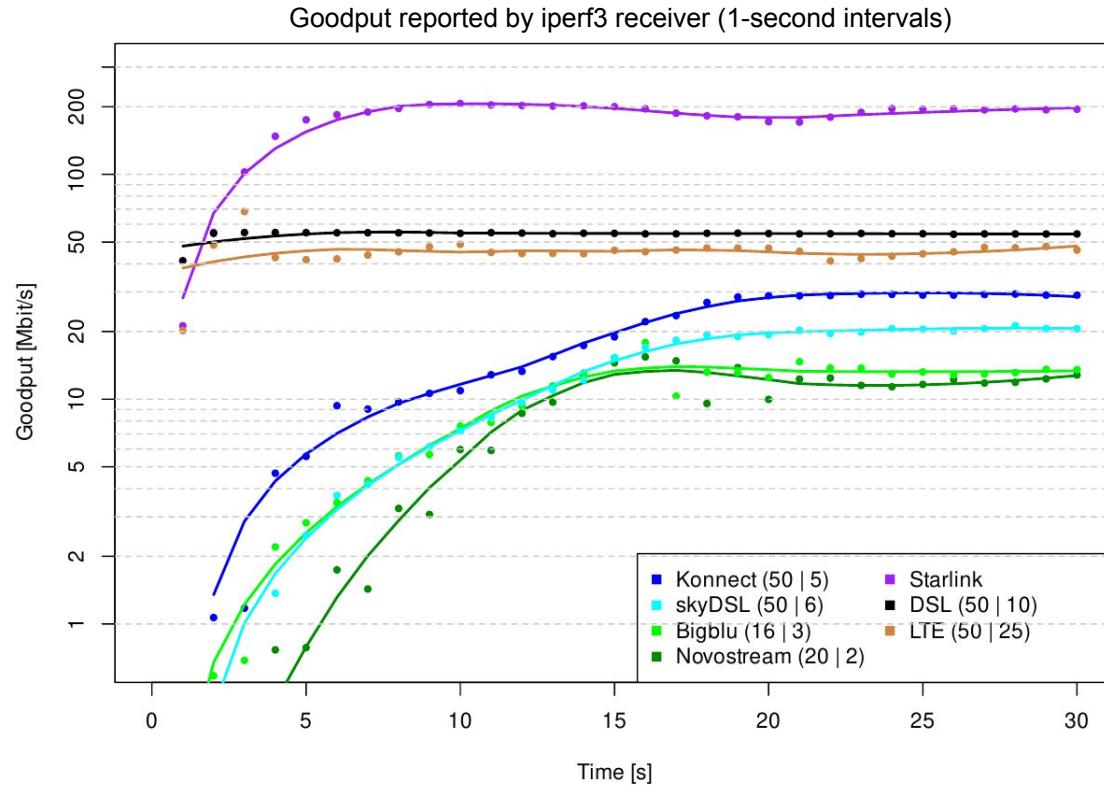
Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO/LTE/DSL [5]

- Bulk data transfer download (single flow, **without VPN**)



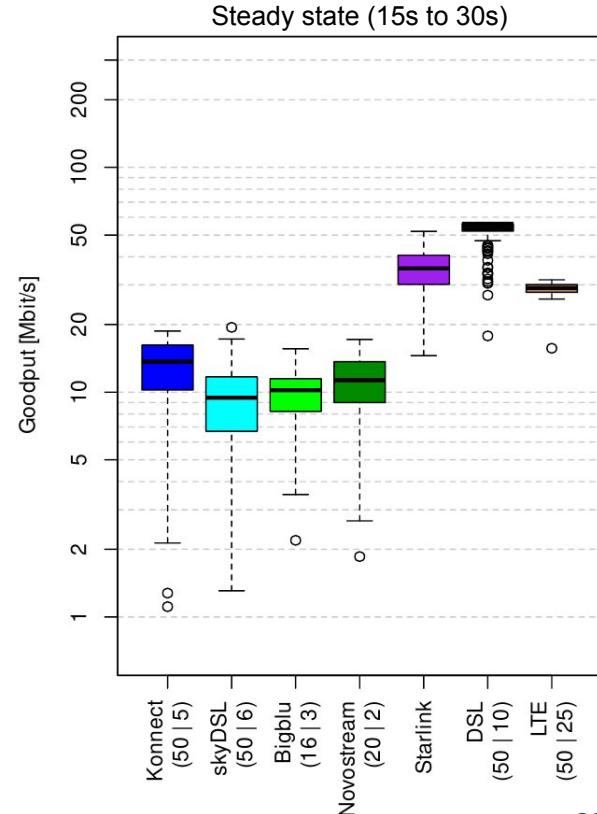
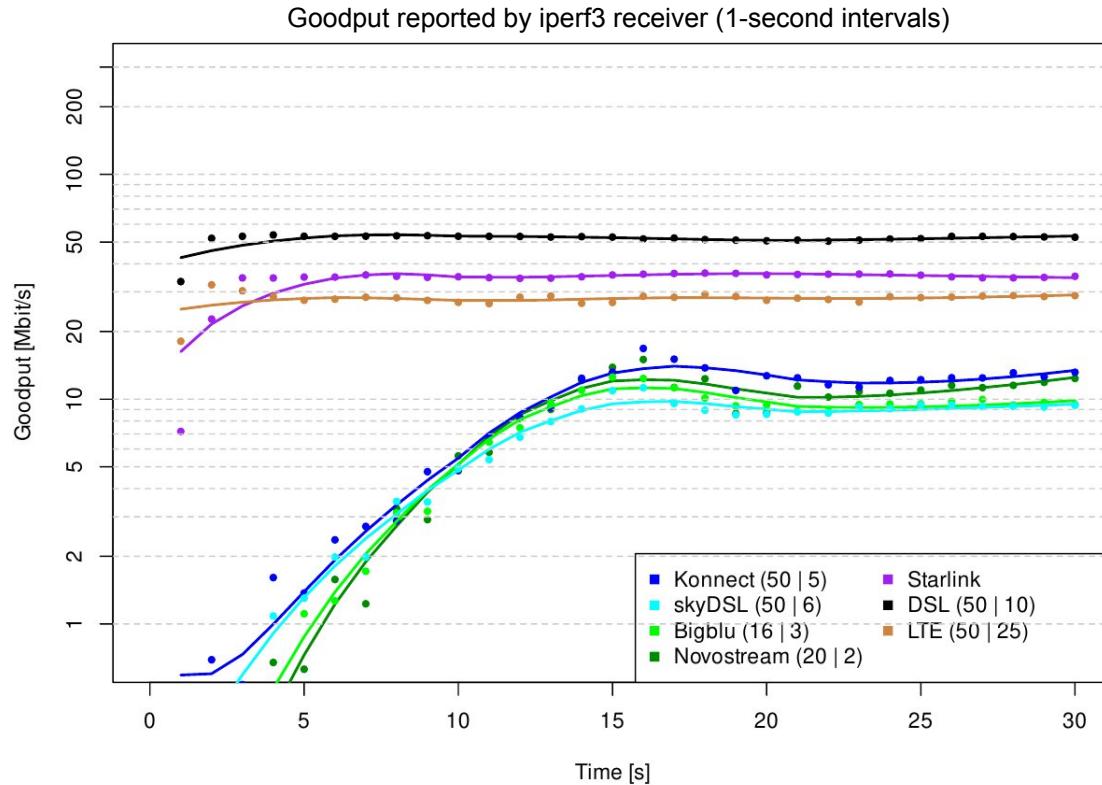
Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO/LTE/DSL [5]

- Bulk data transfer download (single flow, **Wireguard**)



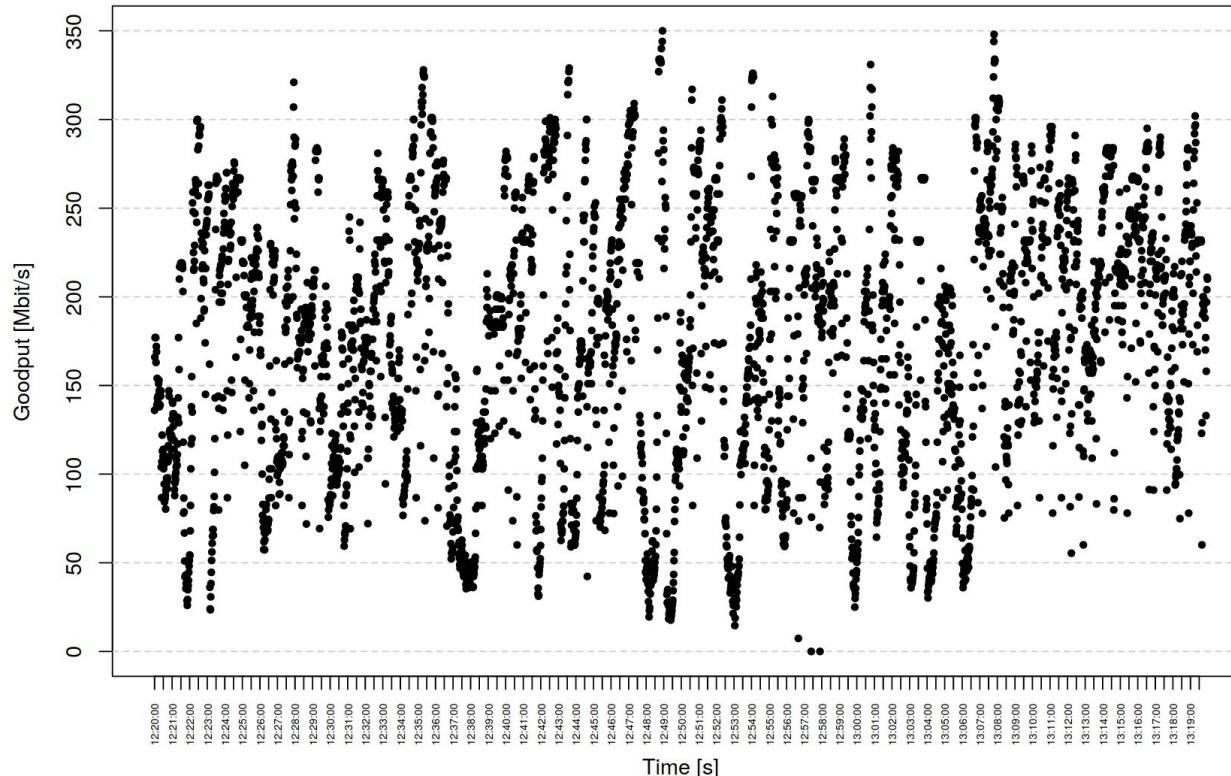
Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO/LTE/DSL [5]

- Bulk data transfer download (single flow, OpenVPN)



Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO/LTE/DSL [5]

- Starlink measurements early 2021
 - iperf3, single flow, download goodput in 1-second intervals



Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO/LTE/DSL [5]

- Samba file sharing
 - Directory listing
 - File copying

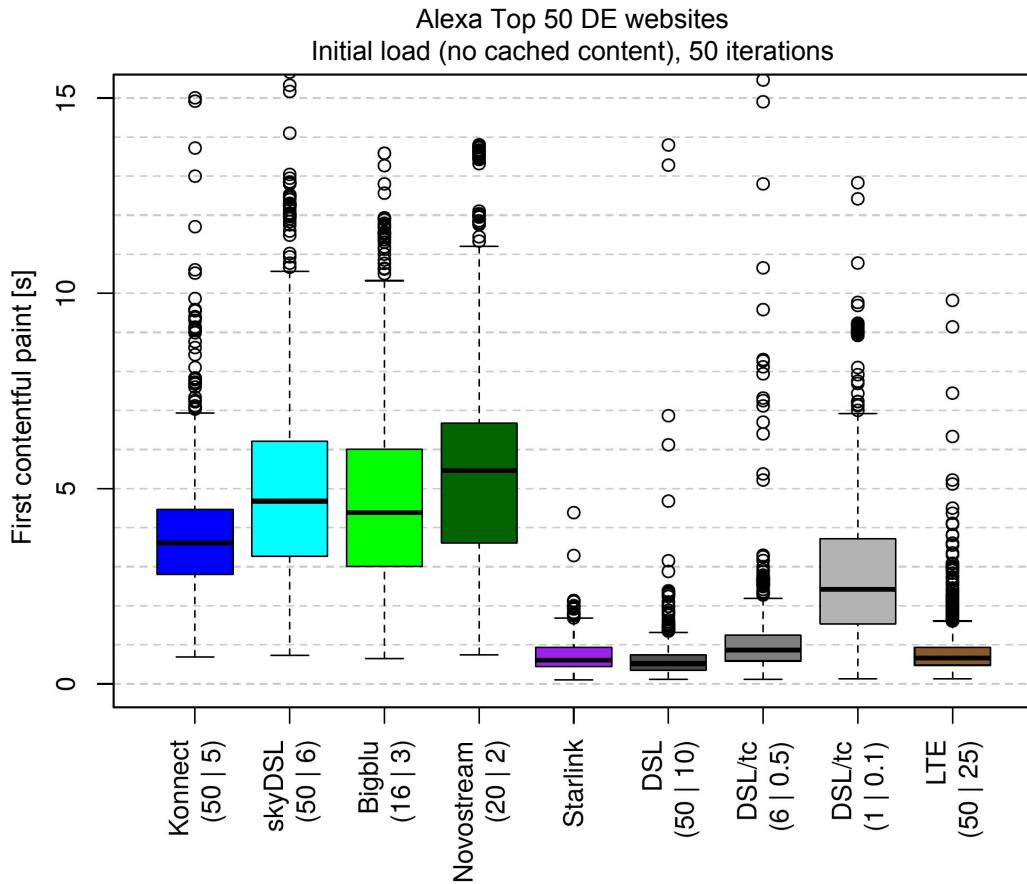
... see screencasts

<https://www7content.cs.fau.de/~deutschmann/eecc/>

Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO/LTE/DSL [5]

- Web browsing

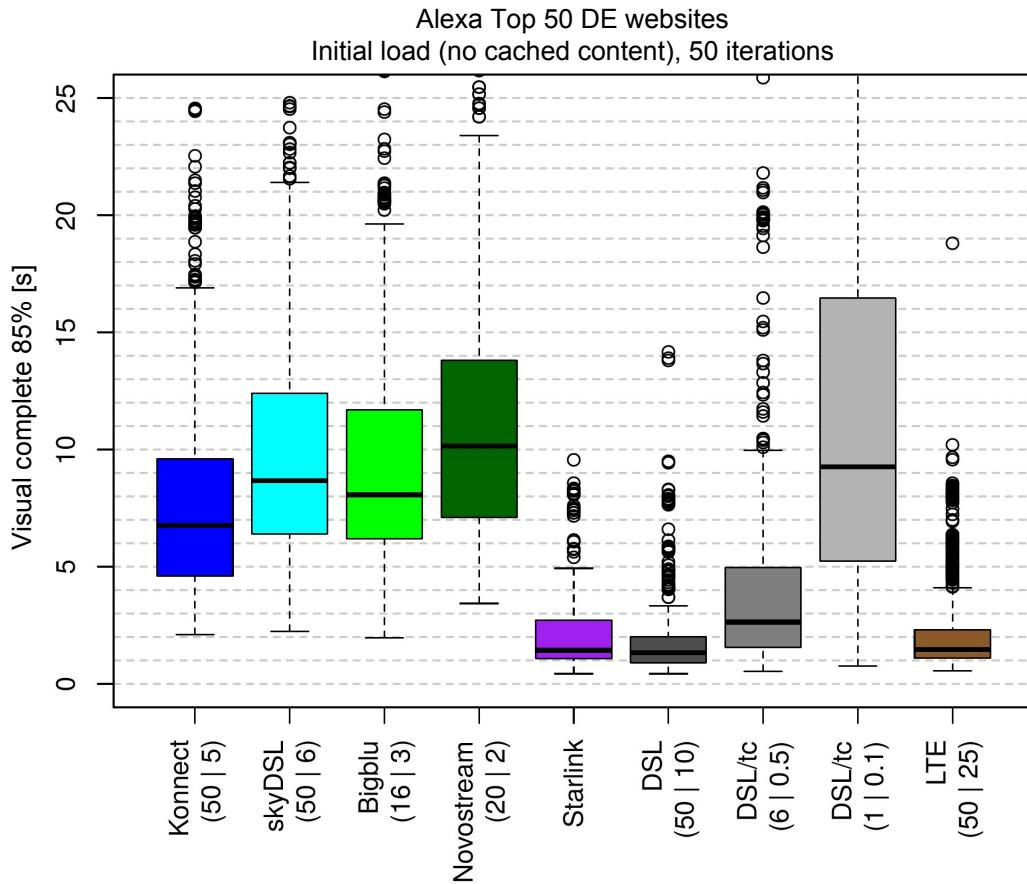
- browsertime 11.6.1
- DSL with additional netem traffic control
 - 6 Mbit/s down, 0.5 Mbit/s up
 - 1 Mbit/s down, 0.1 Mbit/s up
- Metrics
 - First contentful paint
 - Visual complete 85%
 - Page load time



Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO/LTE/DSL [5]

- Web browsing

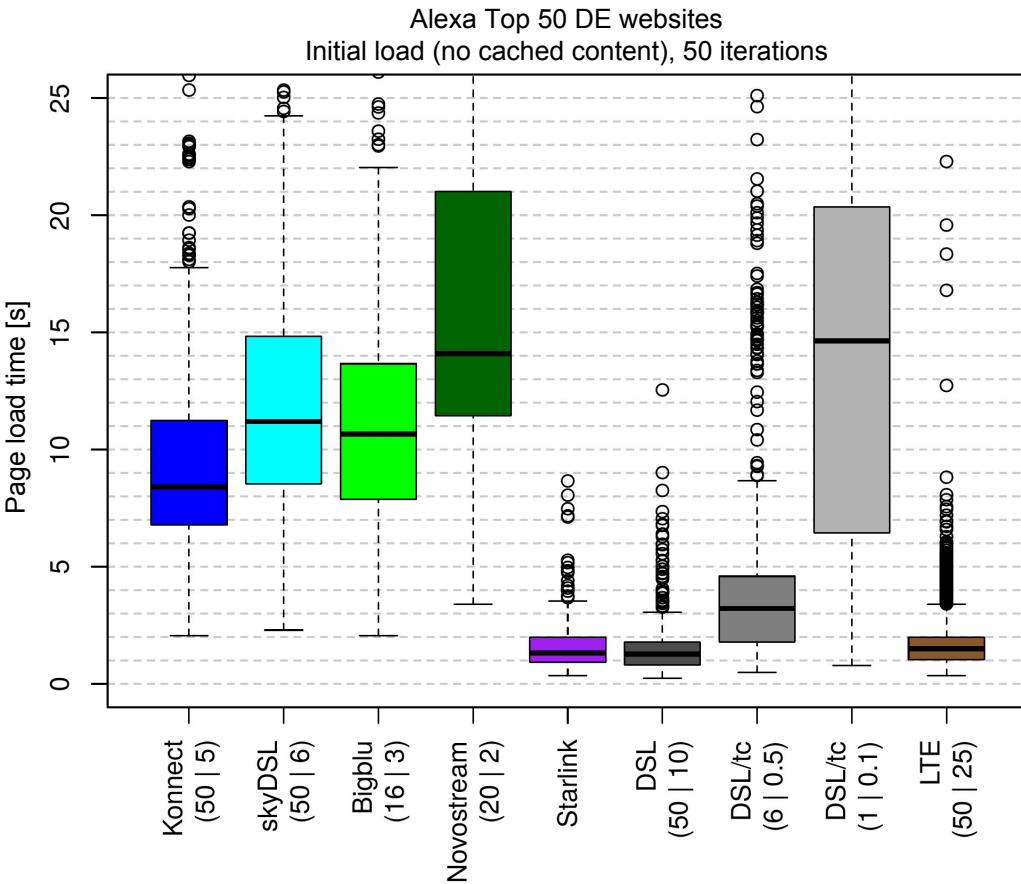
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Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO/LTE/DSL [5]

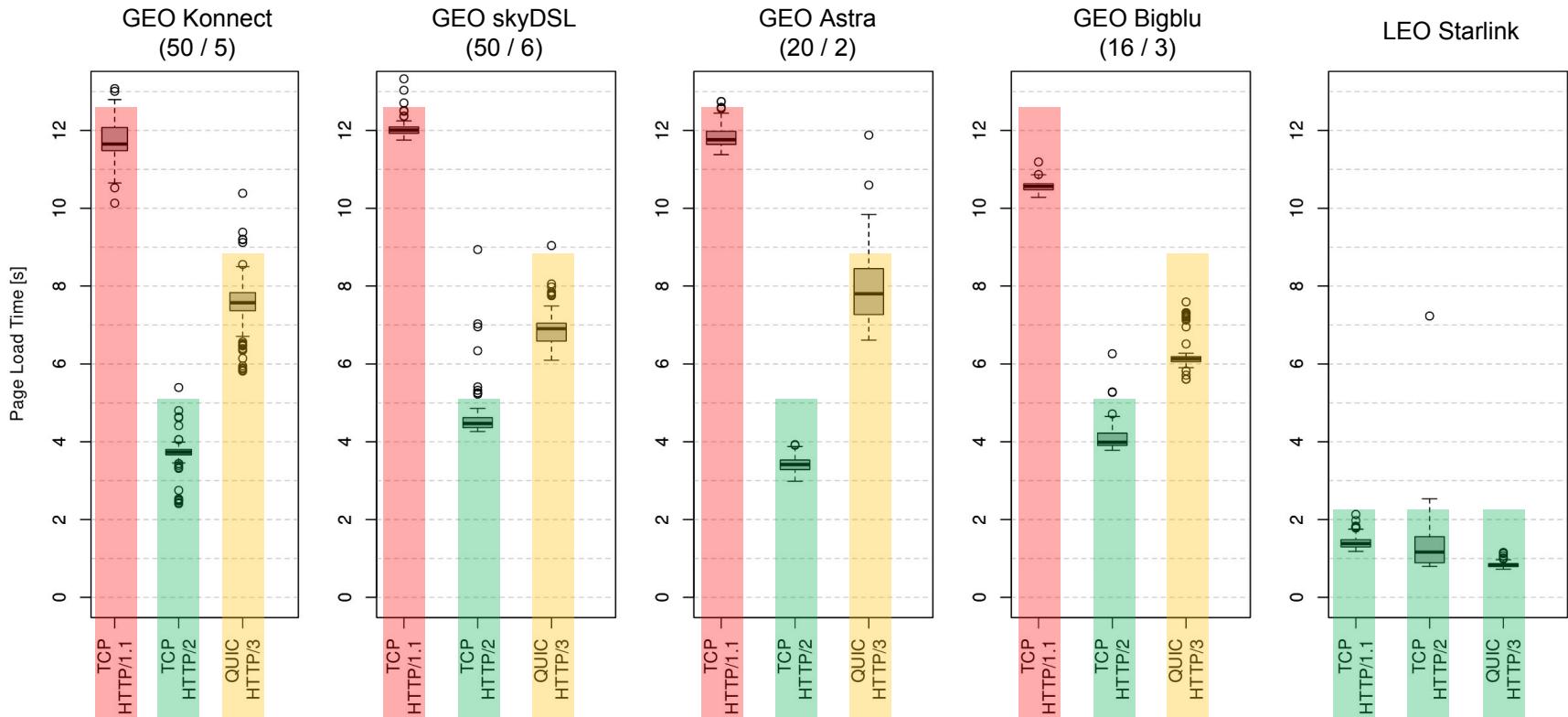
- Web browsing

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Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO [3]

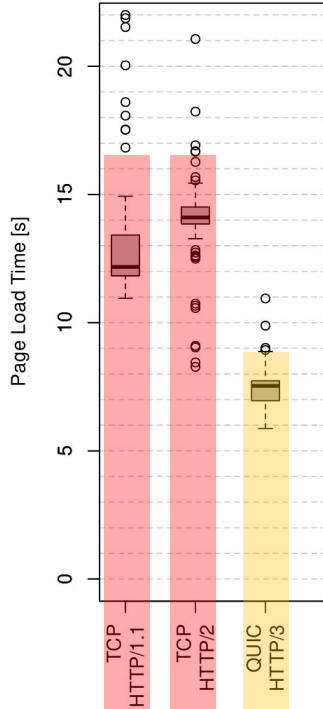
- Again: comparison of different HTTP versions (without VPN)



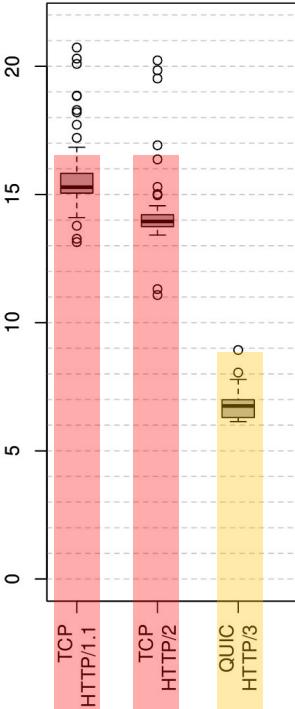
Performance measurements GEO vs. LEO [3]

- Again: comparison of different HTTP versions (with Wireguard VPN)

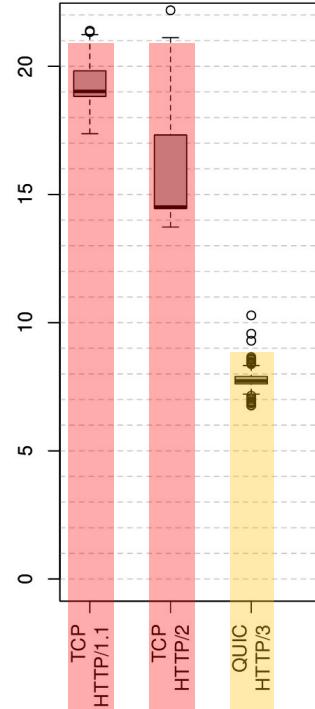
GEO Konnect
(50 / 5)



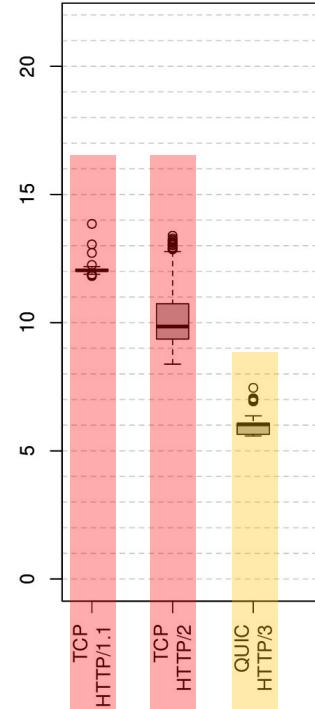
GEO skyDSL
(50 / 6)



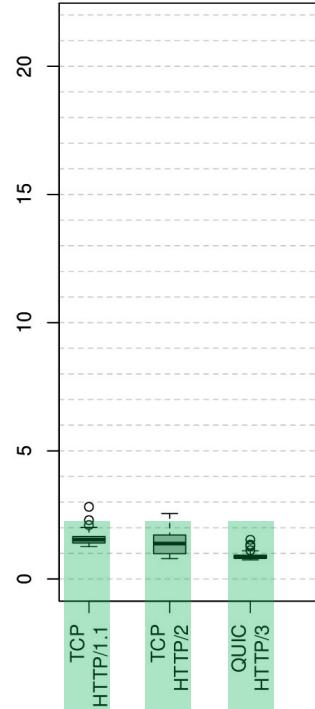
GEO Astra
(20 / 2)



GEO Bigblu
(16 / 3)



LEO Starlink

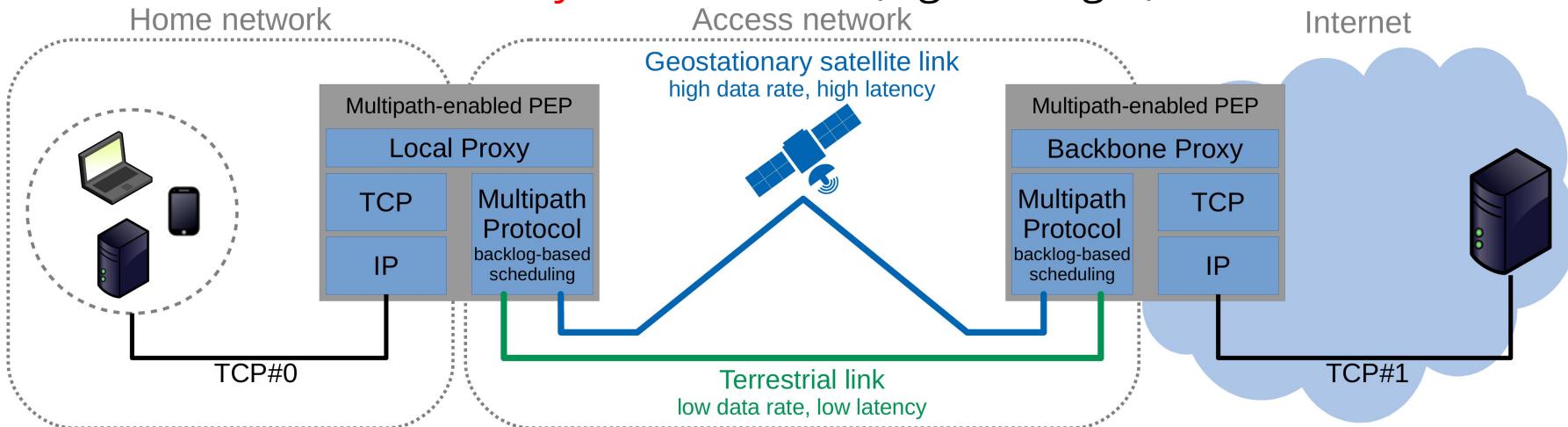


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Satellite / terrestrial multipath communication [6]

- Combine heterogeneous communication paths
 - High data rate, high latency geostationary satellite link
 - Low data rate, low latency terrestrial link (e.g., DSL light)



- Backlog-based scheduling
 - Connection setup and small objects on the terrestrial link
 - Large objects on the satellite link

Satellite / terrestrial multipath communication [6]

- ns-3 simulation

- Multipath model with backlog-based scheduling (no randomness)

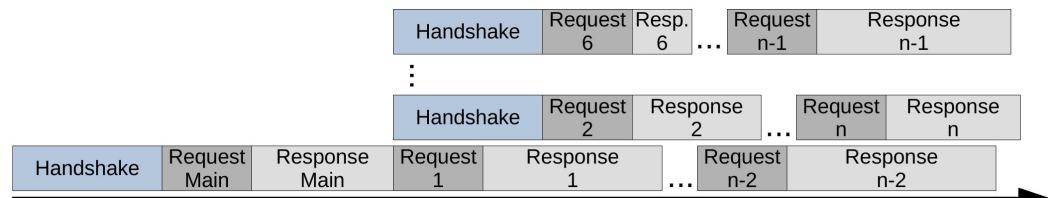
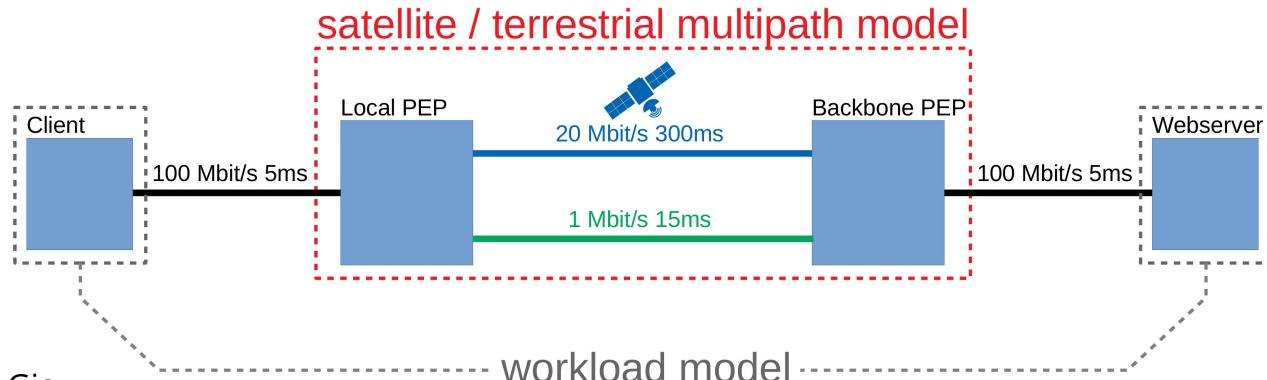
- Workload model

R. Pries, Z. Magyari and P. Tran-Gia,
"An HTTP web traffic model based on
the top one million visited web pages,"
NGI 2012, doi: 10.1109/NGI.2012.6252145

- Added TCP/TLS handshake

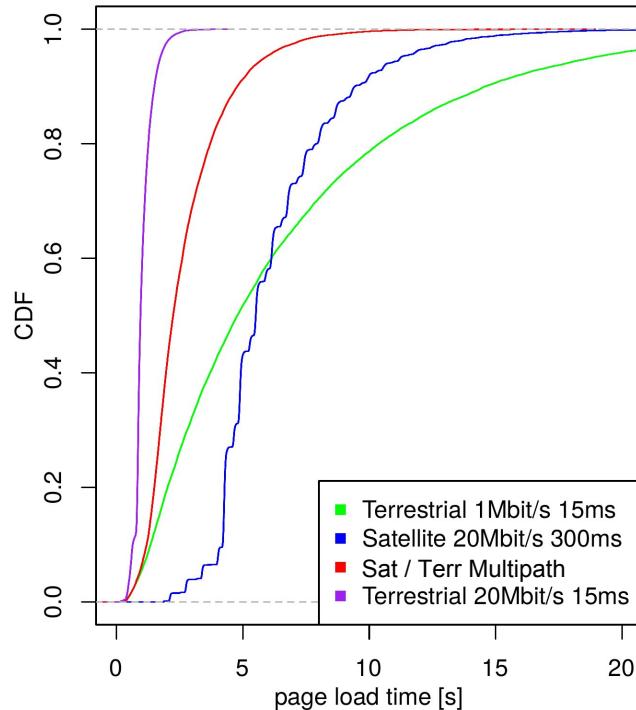
- HTTP/1.1 sequential requests/responses and eight parallel connections

- HTTP/2 with single request/response

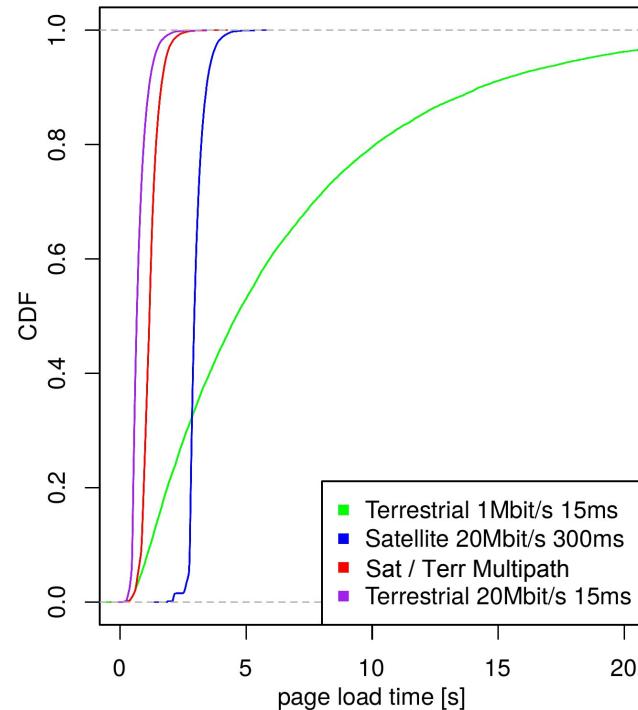


Satellite / terrestrial multipath communication [6]

- ns-3 simulation results



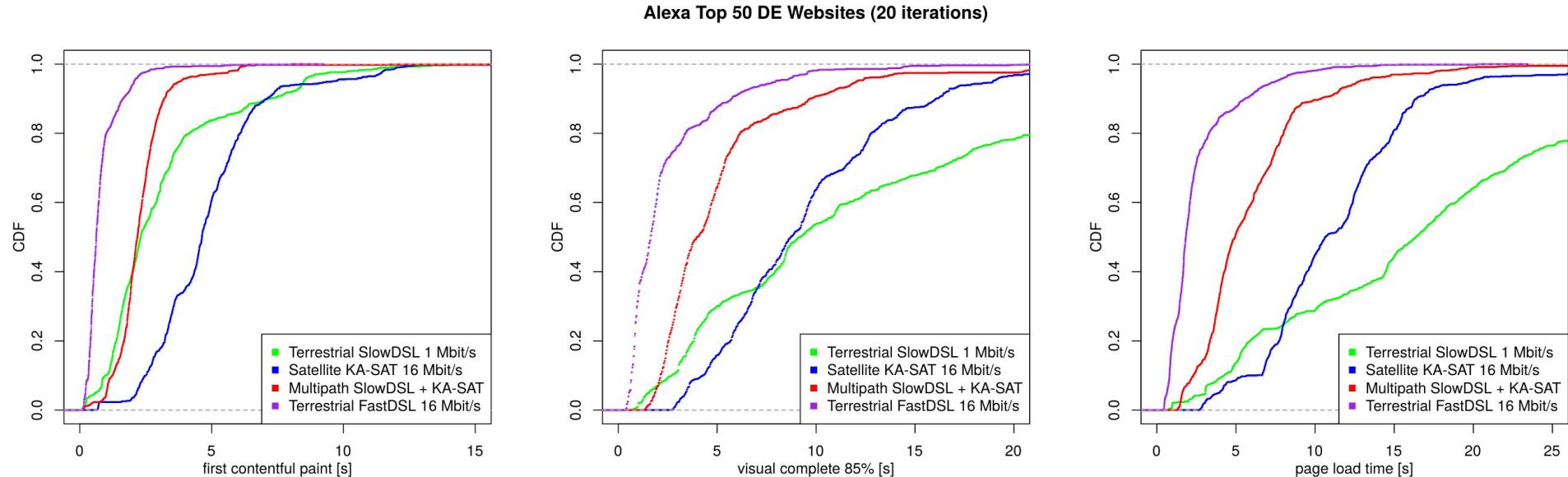
HTTP/1.1 sequential requests/responses
and eight parallel connections



HTTP/2 with single
request/response

Satellite / terrestrial multipath communication

- Results with Linux-based prototype (work in progress)
 - Loading real websites using `browsertime v10.1.0`



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Summary and outlook

- Satellite communication
 - GEO networks are challenging because of high latencies, PEPs not applicable for VPNs and QUIC
 - LEO megaconstellations are a game changer
- Satellite / terrestrial multipath communication
- Further measurements and parameter evaluation / optimization
 - E.g., Bufferbloat, HyStart++, congestion control algorithms, draft-kuhn-quic-careful-resume-02, ...
 - Interested in IETF activities
- Related to 5G
 - Non-terrestrial networks (NTN)
 - Access Traffic Steering Switching and Splitting (ATSSS)

References

- [1] "Satellite Internet Performance Measurements," 2019 International Conference on Networked Systems (NetSys), 2019, <https://doi.org/10.1109/NetSys.2019.8854494>
- [2] "Broadband Internet Access via Satellite: State-of-the-Art and Future Directions," Broadband Coverage in Germany; 15th ITG-Symposium, 2021, <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/9399712>
- [3] "Performance of modern web protocols over satellite links," 38th International Communications Satellite Systems Conference (ICSSC 2021), 2021, pp. 154-158, <https://doi.org/10.1049/icp.2022.0564>
- [4] "Performance of QUIC Implementations Over Geostationary Satellite Links," Preprint, <https://arxiv.org/abs/2202.08228>
- [5] "Broadband Internet Access via Satellite: Performance Measurements with different Operators and Applications," Broadband Coverage in Germany; 16th ITG-Symposium, 2022, to be published
See also <https://www.cs7.tf.fau.de/forschung/quality-of-service/forschungsprojekte/sat-internet-performance/>
- [6] "An ns-3 Model for Multipath Communication with Terrestrial and Satellite Links," In: Hermanns, H. (eds) Measurement, Modelling and Evaluation of Computing Systems. MMB 2020. Lecture Notes in Computer Science(), vol 12040. Springer, Cham. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-43024-5_5